Promising Leonids

CIRCUMSTANCES ARE FAVORABLE

for the Leonid meteor shower this year. Famous for its rare, spectacular outbursts, this normally modest display reaches maximum around 18:00 UT on November 17th, making that morning best for observers in the Americas. The Moon is just three days from new and won't interfere. Best viewing begins around 1 a.m. local time and continues to the start of dawn. In a typical year, the Leonids produce 10 to 15 swift meteors per hour.

Leonids originate from particles shed by Comet 55P/Tempel-Tuttle and appear to dart from the Sickle asterism in Leo, the Lion. This year there may be enhanced activity on the 17th around 19:00 UT and again at 22:30 UT from a dust trail laid down by the comet in 1699. Additional dust streams from 1167 and 1633 may stir up some early Leonids around 22:00 UT on the 9th

November 17, 1:30 a.m. Leonid LEO Regulus **Looking Northeast**

(Asia and Australia are favored) and the 15th at around 3:00 UT for European and African skywatchers.

November also features the Northern Taurid and Southern Taurid meteor showers. They peak on the nights of the 5th and 12th, respectively. While those dates coincide with the full and last-quarter Moon, the showers are rich in fireballs, giving observers a fighting chance at seeing a few meteors from both displays. The showers stream from radiants in central Taurus, south of the Pleiades. ***